Privacy Notice – Direct Care, (routine care and referrals)

Ì

	Plain English explanation					
	This practice keeps data on you relating to who you are, where you live, what you do, your family, possibly your friends, your employers, your habits, your problems and diagnoses, the reasons you seek help, your appointments, where you are seen and when you are seen, who by, referrals to specialists and other healthcare providers, tests carried out here and in other places, investigations and scans, treatments and outcomes of treatments, your treatment history, the observations and opinions of other healthcare workers, within and without the NHS as well as comments and aide memoires reasonably made by healthcare professionals in this practice who are appropriately involved in your health care.					
	When registering for NHS care, all patients who receive NHS care are registered on a national database, the database is held by NHS England a national organisation which has legal responsibilities to collect NHS					
	GPs have always delegated tasks and responsibilities to others that work with them in their surgeries, on average an NHS GP has between 1,500 to 2,500 patients for whom he or she is accountable. It is not possible for the GP to provide hands on personal care for each and every one of those patients in those circumstances, for this reason GPs share your care with others, predominantly within the surgery but occasionally with outside organisations. If your health needs require care from others elsewhere outside this practice we will exchange with them whatever information about you that is necessary for them to provide that care. When you make contact with healthcare providers outside the practice but within the NHS it is usual for them to send us information relating to that encounter. We will retain part or all of those reports. Normally we will receive equivalent reports of contacts you have with non NHS services but this is not always the case.					
	Your consent to this sharing of data, within the practice and with those others outside the practice is assumed and is allowed by the Law.					
	People who have access to your information will only normally have access to that which they need to fulfil their roles, for instance admin staff will normally only see your name, address, contact details, appointment history and registration details in order to book appointments, the practice nurses will normally have access to your immunisation, treatment, significant active and important past histories, your allergies and relevant recent contacts whilst the GP you see or speak to will normally have access to everything in your record.					
	You have the right to object to our sharing your data in these circumstances but we have an overriding responsibility to do what is in your best interests. Please see below.					
I	We are required by Articles in the General Data Protection Regulations to provide you with the information in the following 9 subsections.					
	1) Data Controller contact details	City Way Medical Practice, 65 – 67 City Way, Rochester, Kent, ME1 2AY 01634 843351				
	2) Data Protection Officer contact details	Rachel Adams GP Data Protection Officer (DPO) NHS Kent and Medway Clinical Commissioning Group Unit A, Compass Centre North, Pembroke Road, Chatham Maritime, Kent, ME4 4YG Mobile: 07766 997930 Tel: 01634 335212 Email: Rachel.adams1@nhs.net Generic email: kmccg.northkentqpdataprotection@nhs.net				

Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt, Font colour: Auto

Privacy Notice – Direct Care, (routine care and referrals)

3) Purpose of the processing	Direct Care is care delivered to the individual alone, most of which is provided in the surgery. After a patient agrees to a referral for direct care elsewhere, such as a referral to a specialist in a hospital, necessary and relevant information about the patient, their circumstances and their problem will need to be shared with the other healthcare workers, such as specialist, therapists, technicians etc. The information that is shared is to enable the other healthcare workers to provide the most appropriate advice, investigations, treatments, therapies and or care.		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt, Font colour: Auto
4) Lawful basis for	The processing of personal data in the delivery of direct care and for		Earne atta da Earne (Dafarale) Arial 11 me
processing	providers' administrative purposes in this surgery and in support of direct		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt, Font colour: Auto
	care elsewhere is supported under the following Article 6 and 9		
	conditions of the GDPR:		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt
			Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt,
	Article 6(1)(e) 'necessary for the performance of a task carried		Font colour: Auto
	out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority'.		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt
	Article 9(2)(h) 'necessary for the purposes of preventative or		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt,
	occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity		Font colour: Auto
	of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or		
	social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems and services"		
	care systems and services		
	We will also recognise your rights established under UK case law		
	collectively known as the "Common Law Duty of Confidentiality"*		
5) Recipient or categories of recipients of the processed	The data will be shared with Health and care professionals and support staff in this surgery and at hospitals, diagnostic and treatment centres		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt,
data	who contribute to your personal care.		Font colour: Auto
6) Rights to object	You have the right to object to some or all the information being		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt,
A	processed under Article 21. Please_contact the Data Controller or the		Font colour: Auto
	practice. You should be aware that this is a right to raise an objection,		Tone colour. Auto
	that is not the same as having an absolute right to have your wishes		
(7) Right to access and	granted in every circumstance You have the right to access the data that is being shared and have any		Earne atta da Earne (Dafarale) Arial 11 me
correct	inaccuracies corrected. There is no right to have accurate medical		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt, Font colour: Auto
	records deleted except when ordered by a court of Law.		Folit colour. Auto
8) Retention period	The data will be retained in line with the law and national guidance.		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt,
	https://digital.nhs.uk/article/1202/Records-Management-Code-of- Practice-for-Health-and-Social-Care-2016		Font colour: Auto
	or speak to the practice.		
9) Right to Complain.	You have the right to complain to the Information Commissioner's Office,		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 11 pt,
	you can use this link https://ico.org.uk/global/contact-us/		Font colour: Auto
	or calling their helpline Tel: 0303 123 1113 (local rate)_or 01625 545 745 (national rate)		
	There are National Offices for Scotland, Northern Ireland and Wales, (see ICO website)		

* "Common Law Duty of Confidentiality", common law is not written out in one document like an Act of Parliament. It is a form of law based on previous court cases decided by judges; hence, it is also referred to as 'judge-made' or case law. The law is applied by reference to those previous cases, so common law is also said to be based on precedent.

The general position is that if information is given in circumstances where it is expected that a duty of confidence applies, that information cannot normally be disclosed without the information provider's consent.

Privacy Notice – Direct Care, (routine care and referrals)

In practice, this means that all patient information, whether held on paper, computer, visually or audio recorded, or held in the memory of the professional, must not normally be disclosed without the consent of the patient. It is irrelevant how old the patient is or what the state of their mental health is; the duty still applies.

Three circumstances making disclosure of confidential information lawful are:

- where the individual to whom the information relates has consented;
- where disclosure is in the public interest; and
- where there is a legal duty to do so, for example a court order.